B9I (Official Form 9I) (Chapter 13 Case) (12/12)

Case Number 13-10234-rlj13

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Northern District of Texas

Notice of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines

The debtor(s) listed below filed a chapter 13 bankruptcy case on 9/19/13.

You may be a creditor of the debtor. **This notice lists important deadlines.** You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed below. NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice.

Creditors — Do not file this notice in connection with any proof of claim you submit to the court.

See Reverse Side For Important Explanations

Debtor(s) (name(s) used by the debtor(s) in the last 8 years, including married, maiden, trade, and address):

Amber Leigh Hyden 708 Longhorn Dr.

Early, TX 76802

Case Number:
13–10234–rlj13
Social Security / Individual Taxpayer ID / Employer Tax ID / Other nos:
xxx–xx–7710

Attorney for Debtor(s) (name and address): Monte J. White

Monte J. White & Associates, P.C. 1106 Brook Avenue Hamilton Place

Wichita Falls, TX 76301 Telephone number: (940) 723–0099 Bankruptcy Trustee (name and address):

Walter 12,13 OCheskey 6308 Iola Avenue Lubbock, TX 79424

Telephone number: 806-748-1980

Meeting of Creditors

Date: October 25, 2013 Time: 11:00 AM

Location: U.S. Courthouse, 341 Pine St., Room 2201, Abilene, TX 79604

Deadlines:

Papers must be *received* by the bankruptcy clerk's office by the following deadlines:

Deadline to File a Proof of Claim:

For all creditors (except a governmental unit): 1/23/14

For a governmental unit (except as otherwise provided in Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3002 (c)(1)):

Creditor with a Foreign Address:

A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under "Claims" on the reverse side.

Deadline to Object to Debtor's Discharge or to Challenge Dischargeability of Certain Debts:

Deadline to Object to Exemptions:

Thirty (30) days after the *conclusion* of the meeting of creditors.

Filing of Plan, Hearing on Confirmation of Plan

The debtor has not filed a plan as of this date. You will be sent separate notice of the hearing on confirmation of the plan.

Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:

In most instances, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor, the debtor's property, and certain codebtors. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.

	For the Court: Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: Tawana C. Marshall
Hours Open: Monday – Friday 8:30 AM – 4:30 PM	Date: 9/20/13

EXPLANATIONSB9I (Official Form 9I) (12/12)

Bankruptcy Case court by the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts below a specified amount to a dajust debts punt to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the bankruptcy court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing, A copy or summary of the plan, if not enclosed, will be sent to you later, and if the confirmation hearing, a copy or summary of the plan, if not enclosed, will be sent to you later, and if the confirmation hearing, in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business, if any, unless the court orders otherwise. Legal Advice The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case. Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § Prohibited actions acapitated to collect money or obtain property from the debtor, repossesing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garinshing or deducting from the debtor reposessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garinshing or deducting from the debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date specified in a notice filled with the court. Claims A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A Proof of Claim form ("Official Form B 10") can be filed online at the Bankruptcy Court's Website; (http://www.txnb.uscourts.gov) or at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. If you do not file a Proof of Claim by the "Deadline to Tipe a Proof of Clai		1241 1241 (11110) (12412)
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions Prohibited collection actions against the debtor and certain codebtors are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362 and § May Not Take Certain Actions Actions 1301. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor's repossessing the debtor's property; starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures; and garnishing or deducting from the debtor's vages. Unde certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. Meeting of Creditors A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time and location listed on the front side. The debtor (both spouses in a joint case) must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors. Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date specified in a notice filed with the court. A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. A Proof of Claim form ("Official Form B 10") can be filed online at the Bankruptcy Court's Website;(http://www.txnb.uscourts.gov) or at any bankruptcy clerk's office. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim by our claim is listed in the schedules filed by the debtor. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nommonetary rights, including the right to a jury rial. Filing Deadline for a Creditor with a Foreign Address: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting t	Filing of Chapter 13 Bankruptcy Case	court by the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 13 allows an individual with regular income and debts below a specified amount to adjust debts pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the bankruptcy court. You may object to confirmation of the plan and appear at the confirmation hearing. A copy or summary of the plan, if not enclosed, will be sent to you later, and if the confirmation hearing is not indicated on the front of this notice, you will be sent notice of the confirmation hearing. The debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate the debtor's business, if
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